

STATE TICKET

GOVERNOR: HENRY M. HOYT, OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: CHARLES W. STONE, OF WARREN COUNTY.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS: AARON K. DUNKEL, OF PHILADELPHIA.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT: JAMES P. STRETTET, OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET: CONGRESS: JACOB M. CAMPBELL, OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

SENATE: ENOCH D. YUTZY, Subject to the decision of the District Court.

ASSEMBLY: ANDREW J. COLBORN, EDWARD M. SCHROCK.

PROTHONOTARY: HENRY F. SCHELL.

SHERIFF: EDGAR KYLE.

REGISTER AND RECORDER: WILLIAM B. FRAESE.

TREASURER: HENRY F. KNEPPER.

COMMISSIONERS: DENNIS COOK, JACOB CRITCHFIELD.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR: GILLIAN KOONTZ.

AUDITORS: JACOB M. BAKER, HIRAM D. MCCOY.

Hoy on Finance: Professing to be an honest man, the candidate of an honest organization, I favor honest money.

IF YOU HAVE NOT PAID YOUR TAXES WITHIN TWO YEARS, YOU MUST PAY THEM ON, OR BEFORE SATURDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 5TH, OR YOU WILL LOSE YOUR VOTE.

Col. E. D. YUTZY was on Saturday last unanimously nominated as the Republican candidate for Senator in this district.

It is the duty of every Republican committee in each township and borough, to see that no Republican loses his vote by reason of non-payment of his taxes, on or before Saturday next.

Every Pennsylvania should remember that a vote for the Democratic party, is a vote in favor of free trade and against the protection of his own interests from foreign competition.

In Capt. Samuel Adams, Louis A. Turner, Joseph Mowry, and other Greenback philosophers are in the right, what confounded old fools James Madison, Thomas Jefferson, Alexander Hamilton, Chief Justice Marshall, and Andrew Jackson were.

There is a discretion, that at times, is much more commendable than valor. The Democrat may become aware of that fact, if by its reckless hurrying of unsavory epithets, it provokes us to break that compassionate silence which we have so far maintained, regarding a portion of the record of its Congressional candidate.

The Canadians who were born, reared, and educated under British free trade doctrine, have just elected a Parliament containing a majority of over seventy members in favor of protection. And yet, while these people, who have tried free trade, until they became heartily sick of it, have adopted the American policy of protection to home industry. The Democratic party in this country are doing everything they can to fasten this discarded and ruinous policy of free trade upon our people.

The Weekly Berlin Bulletin, in its last issue, wants the government bonds paid by a new issue of greenbacks, and thus stop the interest on the public debt, which is becoming so enormous. It would certainly be no injustice to the bondholders.

Surely the Bulletin knows this to be a mistake. The public debt has already been reduced one-third, and the interest in the same proportion. The official statement of the Treasury department shows that since March 4, 1866, the National debt has been reduced over \$672,000,000, about one-third of the present debt, and consequently a yearly reduction of interest amounting to more than \$48,000,000.

In former days, when Democracy meant something, we used to hear a vast deal about the "immutable principles of Democracy" and also of the "Liberal Democracy" but just at the present time it would "bluff a Philadelphia lawyer" to define what the principles of that party are. For instance, their candidate for Governor, Mr. Dill, spoke at Greensburg on Wednesday evening last, and declared himself against the Greenback policy and platform, and advocated the payment of all debts in gold and silver, while in this country the Democratic leaders, who all advocate of Dill's election, are shouting themselves hoarse in favor of the Greenback policy and begging the members of that party to vote for Coffroth.

The Democratic party of to-day, is as destitute of principle as a prostitute in this country quite as lion-hearted as sheep. While they hurrah for Dill, they cringe to the Greenbackers and it is as "sure as shooting" that somebody is bound to be fooled. The question yet to be decided between them is, whether the dog will wag the tail, or the tail wag the dog.

Coffroth's man, Turner, is having a rough time of it in his attempt to control the National in the interests of his master. Having been kicked out of the Altoona Conference, he came home in a raging bad humor with Adams the Congressional nominee, called his sorehead committee together again to plan how Coffroth could best be served, and refuses to publish the name of the regularly nominated Congressional candidate, with the balance of the National ticket, in his paper, the Berlin Bulletin.

Meanwhile the party, which Turner contracted to deliver, having kicked him out, has determined to go to work, to prove to the world that he does not own it, as he alleged he did, and for the purpose of purging itself from all taint or suspicion of his influence, has called a convention to meet at Meyersdale on Thursday next, to nominate a full county ticket. What is to become of the very much mixed ticket that Coffroth and Turner put in the field, as an ally of the Democracy, no one knows and very few care. Turner's sole remaining and last desperate effort now is to so dick with the convention at Meyersdale on Thursday next, as to have it adopt himself and Walker for the Legislature, in consideration of their support of Captain Adams for Congress. As it has been most abundantly proved by his letter to the Democratic Convention at Crescon, his efforts at Altoona, his entire act throughout this campaign, that he is body, breeches and soul, in the interests of Coffroth, we presume that his pledges and protestations will not avail to save his bacon. The result alone will tell who is fooled, Coffroth is a "scientific politician" and Turner is his tool. The game is a desperate one, and whether Turner is to be the Jonah who goes overboard, or Coffroth the whale that swallows up Adams and his Greenbackers, the event must determine. It is sport for the boys, if it is death to the frogs.

One great source of unhappiness to the Democratic party of this State, is the wretched Congressional candidates that have been placed in nomination in a number of the districts. In the first (Philadelphia) district the friends of General William J. McCandless (Buck) have become so frightened at his evident weakness, and the lack of Democratic support that they have about concluded to haul him off the track, and abandon the field to the National and Republican candidates. In the twentieth district positions are in circulation, asking for the re-assembly of the Congressional Conference to compel "The old man-not afraid-to-be-called-demagogue" (Hendrick B. Wright) to define his position on the financial question, and failing to do so satisfactorily, to nominate another candidate. This is brought about by the old man making such pledges to both National and Democrats that he is bound to betray one or the other of them. In the twenty-first district where a "Cheap John kind of Legislative roster" (Morgan A. Wise) secured the Congressional nomination, the Democracy are revolting by hundreds—the decent portion of the press refuse to support him—and Fayette and Westmoreland insist that they will not support him if he is not withdrawn. As to the nomination in this district, the Hollidaysburg Register says: "Hon. John Reilly was in our town one day last week, and appeared to be in close consultation with the leaders of the Democratic party. It is rumored about town that an effort was being made to have Hon. Alex. H. Coffroth, in consequence of the recent exposure of his damaging record, to withdraw, and substitute Mr. Reilly in his place. Too late, gentlemen, too late!" We give these only as specimen bricks of the troubles in the Democratic household, brought about by improper and unfit Congressional nominations.

The Georgetown Brass Band will be in attendance. The ladies are invited to be present. Special arrangements will be made for their accommodation at both places. A general invitation is extended to the public. Come one, come all! In connection with the above, the following editorial from the Frederick Evening Star shows conclusively that the Know-Nothing & H. Dill is the present Democratic candidate for Governor: Twenty years ago, the Autumn campaign of 1858, the present candidate of the Democratic party for Governor of Pennsylvania, Andrew H. Dill, was actually engaged in canvassing our county for the success of

the Know-Nothing candidates. This was the campaign when Hoffman was elected to Congress, and when Kimmel to the State Senate, and the Democratic party, which was charged to the amount of \$100,000,000 and it solemnly promised to put out no more than that sum. Believing that it was able to redeem that amount, and relying on its promise not to issue any more, the world accepted them, no date of payment was fixed, it might be near or distant, and consequently they would not pass at their face value, and were much below par. Last winter Congress passed a law fixing the time of their redemption in coin—if the people wait for them—on the first day of January next, and hence they have risen in value until now they are within one half per cent of gold. On the first of January, they will be as "good as gold," because you can get that metal for them, if you wish to do so.

To issue more of these notes now, would be dishonest, because to induce the people to take the first we issued—we solemnly pledged the Government not to issue any more—and it would be a swindle on our creditors or every man who holds one of these notes, to issue five times that amount (which it would require to redeem our bonds) because not being able to redeem them now, or their redemption being fixed at a distant day, like the first notes issued, they would only be worth forty or fifty cents on the dollar. The wild talk of issuing notes never to be redeemed, is so sensible as would be the proposition of an individual to give his note payable on the day of Judgment. Who would take it, and what would it be worth?

But there is a greater lion than this in the path of the advocates of more greenbacks. The Supreme Court of the United States blocks the way. It is an undisputed fact that, when that Court first had the question before it, it decided the Legal Tender Act, authorizing the issue of greenbacks unconstitutional, and that Chief Justice Chase, and every Democratic Judge, Nelson, Clifford, Field, and Grier concurred in this decision. There was however one vacancy on the bench and as Judge Grier retired before the decision was announced, a rehearing was granted after Judges Bradley and Strong were appointed, and it was only by reason of these changes that the constitutionality of the Legal Tender Act, as a *secur measure*, was legally sustained by one majority, against the united voices of the Democratic Judges, and the greenback was saved from an untimely death in 1870. The point which should be distinctly understood by the people is, that in accordance with its former decision, any act that would authorize the issue of more greenbacks, as an ordinary exercise of legislative power, in time of peace, would be promptly declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States. There is not the shadow of a doubt where the Court stands upon this question, and therefore all theorizing about a further issue of notes by the Government is mere idle sound, signifying nothing, as these Judges hold their position for life.

The real friends of workmen are those who insist upon having honest money in circulation, and not those who clamor for currency that would foster speculation, increase the power of capital, and cheat the laborer out of part of his hire. Workmen have nothing to do with the manipulation of the money market, nor do they profit by fluctuations of value. They have their labor to sell, and they want conditions which will give steady employment to industry and a fixed value to the money which they receive for their labor. In fluctuations of the price, labor is the last to rise and the first to fall. It is a commodity that cannot be held for a rise, like cotton, wheat or stocks, but must be sold every day. Therefore, workmen, so far as they are real workmen, cannot be speculators, and are unable to take advantage of conditions favorable to speculators. A currency that has no fixed value simulates speculation, and so cannot be favorable to workmen.—Boston Herald.

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DELAWARE KNOW-NOTHING. Many one doubts that Andrew H. Dill was prominently identified with the Know-Nothing movement, the following announcement taken from the Frederick (Md.) Examiner, October 8, 1856, will be of interest: ELIZABETH POLE RAISING AND GRAND MASS MEETING. The American of Woodborough district, intend raising a Pillmore and Donelson pole, on the land of Jacob Harris, Esq., near Rocky Hill Church, about a mile and a half east of Woodborough, at ten o'clock, A. M., on Saturday, the 11th of October, 1856. There will be speaking at the pole. Afterwards, at 2 o'clock P. M., a grand mass meeting will be held in the town of Woodborough, on which occasion the following able advocates of the American nominees have been invited to address the people: Hon. Henry W. Hoffman, Hon. Henry Winter Davis, Hon. James Frederick A. Reilly, John A. Finch, Charles E. Trail, Dr. Thomas Sen, Ulysses Hobbs, James S. Casper, A. H. Dill, Esq., and others.

The Georgetown Brass Band will be in attendance. The ladies are invited to be present. Special arrangements will be made for their accommodation at both places. A general invitation is extended to the public. Come one, come all! In connection with the above, the following editorial from the Frederick Evening Star shows conclusively that the Know-Nothing & H. Dill is the present Democratic candidate for Governor: Twenty years ago, the Autumn campaign of 1858, the present candidate of the Democratic party for Governor of Pennsylvania, Andrew H. Dill, was actually engaged in canvassing our county for the success of



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OUR PARIN LETTER.

PARIS, Sept. 18, 1878. The irreconcilable tendency of civilization from the East to the West. We have heard that axiom before. The movement is from sunrise to sunset; so that, when "all earthly things shall come to gloom," and "the sun himself shall die" as the poet, Campbell, gloomily sings, it will be in the remotest of Occidents that fashion will expire. The Palais Royal has only experienced the application of a universal law. Fashionable civilization sprouting westward, spreading to insuperable new boulevards, spreading to the Parc Monceau, overrunning the Champs Elysees, and threatening to envelop the Bois de Boulogne, has contemptuously pronounced the Palais Royal to be the situation of the world, and of the world it is no longer a place to die, to promenade, to flirt, or even to escape in. It is too far away. It is, fashionably considered, at Pekin.

The great restaurants, before we had desecrated the grounds of the Palais Royal for the western boulevardiers, were the only places of resort for the Parisians. The cafes, airy and intellectually, only the shadows of their former selves; and finally the edifices have—temporarily perchance—lost the slight political importance which under the Second Empire it was the Palais Royal for the western boulevardiers. The cafes, airy and intellectually, only the shadows of their former selves; and finally the edifices have—temporarily perchance—lost the slight political importance which under the Second Empire it was the Palais Royal for the western boulevardiers.

EDITOR TELEGRAPH.—Dear Sir: The Patriot of this morning contains a defense of the Hon. A. H. Coffroth, who it alleges has been assaulted in a vile and atrocious manner by the Republican newspapers at Johnstown, the home of the Hon. Jacob M. Campbell, the Republican candidate. Now, if Mr. Coffroth has been as violently assaulted as he is by the Patriot itself a few years ago, then, indeed, there would be some ground in the charges that "stand and fury, signifying nothing," as the Patriot now asserts; and the good people of both parties in the 17th district will return Mr. Campbell to Congress by an overwhelming majority. Here are a few choice opinions of Mr. Coffroth from the columns of the Patriot: "He is involved in a contest for a second term in the seat he has disengaged himself from." "He has sold himself and betrayed his party and its principles." "A staid pigeon, wavering on his perch, ready at any moment to take his anxious flight to the well-fledged troughs of the steadily advancing eagle." "It is not for such mediocre men as Alec Coffroth to make landmarks and form principles for the Democratic party." "Democracy will not claim him, his constituency scorn him, the Legislature of the Commonwealth will expel him among the base traitors to the Union." "To help his cause we have devoted time and space in his service. We hope God and Democracy will forgive us for that mistake—aye, that almost crime." "Go to, thou vainest, feeblest and most deceitful of time-servers."

REDEMPTION.

AGRICULTURE EXTRAORDINARY. FARGO, D. T., September 2. This morning I paid a visit to the Dalrymple farm, situated eighteen miles west of Fargo. The estate embraces 100,000 acres, owned by Mr. Dalrymple of St. Paul, General George W. Bass of New York, B. P. Cheney of Boston, and J. L. Grandin of Pennsylvania. The Grandin division, consisting of 40,000 acres, is situated on Goose river, thirty miles south of Fargo, and apart from the other divisions is the most fertile and best managed. The area of ground under crop this year is 13,000 acres. Next year the area will be increased to 20,000 acres. The spring wheat was sown the latter part of March and the fore part of April. The grain of it was cut July 25th and the grain of the other divisions was cut from the 1st to the 15th of August. The work of the reapers had been finished, and miles upon miles of wheat sheaves covered the plains. In bringing this crop to perfection Mr. Dalrymple has employed nearly 600 horses and mules, 80 broad cast iron and cast iron, 130 14 inch plows, 200 steel-plow harrows, 15 40 inch cylinder threshers and cleaners, 15 10 horse power steam engines, 80 self binding reapers, and a force of about 400 men. These 80 machines, when in motion, cut and bound with wire 1,000 large bundles every minute.

Threshing was begun a few days ago, and as it stood in the midst of this stubble plain to-day, and watched such curling up from steam-machining miles and miles away, I was struck that they looked as vessels look when steaming far out over the lake in front of Chicago. I thought to myself what a magnificent "quest" this of Near by was a superlatively poor man, talking through a telephone with another superintendent some three miles away. Near him sat an operator, who was sending a dispatch to another part of the farm. Mr. Dalrymple said that he expected to reap 800,000 bushels of wheat, and 200,000 bushels of barley, which would give a total of 325,000 bushels, worth just about thirty thousand dollars; two-thirds of which would be net profit. It is all No. 1 wheat, and Mr. Dalrymple said he just declined an offer by the Millers' Association of Minnesota of 32 cents per bushel for 80,000 bushels. He is shipping from his farm to Duluth, and thence to New York twenty cars of wheat every day.

My astonishment at what I had seen was expressed by being told that which I perceived upon being told by Mr. Dalrymple that it was his purpose to carry forward the development of his farm until he shall have paid 40,0